

# CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY BAKERSFIELD

## Intro:

#### •BCI Integration:

•Uses wireless EEG (Bluetooth/RF) for portable brain signal collection.

 Improves functionality and supports personalized rehab. •Current Design Issues:

•Many prosthetics are too complex for users' actual needs. •Accessibility Challenge:

•Few low-cost, high-performance prosthetics exist for developing regions.

#### •Cost-Effective Solution:

•Utilizes 3D printing and efficient signal processing to reduce cost.

# **Expected Benefits:**

#### •BCI Benefits:

•Offers a new EEG-based control system.

•Builds on non-invasive methods like MEG, MRI, and EMG.

#### •Cost-Efficient Goal:

•Provides affordable prosthetics and BCIs to increase accessibility.

#### •Education & Training:

•Promotes skills in DSP, robotics, and wireless communication.

### •Support for Local Innovation:

•Encourages community startups and local businesses to develop low-cost assistive tech.

### Inspiration for Growth:

•Aims to inspire small businesses to contribute to innovation in the field.

# **Objectives:**

### •Design & Build:

•Develop a robotic arm with 2 degrees of freedom (DOF) for EEG-based control.

### •Wireless Communication:

•Set up an RF communication link between the robotic arm and EEG processor.

### •Signal Processing:

 Implement DSP to classify and convert brainwaves into control commands with ~70% accuracy.

# Neuro Arm Nour Ammar, Johann Herring, Gareth Ogunjobi, Dr. Amin Malek



## **Purpose:**

Our project proposes an effective, low-cost solution to increase accessibility in less developed countries and innovation within the prosthetics market. •Improve quality of life with an affordable, user-friendly prosthetic.

- •Robotic Arm:
- •Wireless Control:

•Uses EEG with RF communication for easy, accessible control.

# **Final Set-up:**



•2 DOF for elbow movement and finger flexion to mimic a fist.

